

# **Chinese Cultural Experience Tour (10 days)**

Date	Itinerary	Accommodation
D01	<b>Tallinn ★ Beijing</b>	Plane
8/8	Take international fight to Beijing from Tallinn.	1 falle
	Beijing  Afternoon: Arrive in Beijing and have a rest in hotel.  Evening: Have dinner and visit Shichahai.  ◆ Shichahai is often referred as "Houhai", or "Back Lake" by foreign visitors who spend time drinking in its bar area in the evening. Meanwhile, the visitors can visit the Hutongs in this area and find the traditional culture in Beijing.	
D02 9/8		Beijing
D03 10/8	Morning: Visit Badaling Great Wall.  ◆ Great Wall is the landmark of China and UNESCO World Heritage Site. Badaling Great Wall, about 60 km northwest of central Beijing, is the first section restored to open to tourists in 1957. Badaling is the most representative and magnificent section of the Ming Great Wall and has been visited by over 500 state leaders and VIPs, including presidents Nixon and Reagan, Prime Minister Thatcher, and Queen Elizabeth II.  Afternoon: Visit Badaling Wildlife World.  ◆ Badaling Wildlife World, at the foot of the world famous Badaling Great Wall and adjacent to Badaling National Forest Park, is China's largest mountain wildlife attraction. Covering an area of nearly 98 acres, there are ten thousand wild animals of more than one hundred different species in Badaling Wildlife World.  Evening: Have dinner (Peking Duck) and visit Nanluoguxiang.  ◆ Peking duck is one of the most symbolic dishes of Chinese Cuisine and one of the world's greatest dishes and as much an emblem of Beijing as the Forbidden City or the old hutong lanes.  ◆ Nanluoguxiang is the most popular and one of the oldest Hutongs in Beijing with a history of more than 740 years. It looks like a fish bone with a 787m main street (Nanluoguxiang) in the middle and 8 smaller Hutongs on both sides. Here is not only a paradise for foodies and people with curiosity, but also a good place to appreciate Beijing traditional quadrangle courtyard.	Beijing

### Beijing-Chengdu

Morning: Take China's high-speed train to Chengdu.

What makes China's high-speed train a historic breakthrough?
Speed. Its top speed is 350 kilometers per hour, cutting the travel time from Beijing to Shanghai from 37 hours to just four. Stability. A passenger is able to successfully balance a coin on its side while the train was moving at full speed.

Afternoon: Arrive in Chengdu, visit Wide and Narrow Alley and enjoy Face Changing Show.

◆ Consisting of Wide Alley (Kuan Xiangzi), Narrow Alley (Zhai Xiangzi), Well Alley (Jing Xiangzi) three parallel ancient city alleys and 45 courtyards along them, **Wide and Narrow Alley** is one of Chengdu's historical and cultural reserves. It is a microcosm of the city's history as well as a deep mark in local people's memory.

D04 11/8

◆ As part of traditional Sichuan opera, **Face Changing** is a performance in which a single actor depicts a number of different characters by repeatedly changing their facial masks so quickly that visitors do not even notice the process.

Chengdu



#### Chengdu

Morning: Visit Chengdu Giant Panda Breeding and Research Base.

◆ Chengdu Giant Panda Breeding and Research Base is one of the most popular destinations to see pandas. And it's a must-go place when you go to Chengdu and serves as the world's preeminent institution for giant panda ex-situ conservation, scientific research and breeding, popular science education and cultural tourism.

Afternoon: Visit Jinli Ancient Street, Wuhou Temple and Du Fu Thatched Cottage.

Chengdu is a city brimming with a strong leisurely ambience with Jinli Ancient Street as the typical representative. where you can enjoy Sichuan Opera Performance, taste different kinds of local snacks and experience the local folk art culture.

D05 12/8

- Wuhou Temple (The Temple of Marquis Wu) in Chengdu's south suburb is the most famous and influential of the temples. It is named after Zhuge Liang, who lived from 181 until 234 AD. He is one of China's famous historic figures, and he was a renowned minister and military strategist for Emperor Liu Bei (161-223) of the Shu Kingdom during the Three Kingdoms period in China. The temple is also dedicated to Emperor Liu Bei
- ◆ **Du Fu Thatched Cottage** memorial originated as a temple dedicated to Du Fu that was built about a thousand years ago during the Song Dynasty (960–1279). Just as the name implies, it was the home of a famous poet, Du Fu in Tang Dynasty (618-907).

Evening: Have dinner (Chinese hotpot).

♦ Chinese hotpot, also known as Chinese fondue, is one of the most popular meals in China. It consists of a simmering metal pot with broth at the center of a table, and all raw ingredients placed beside the metal pot, so people can add and cook whatever they like in the broth.

Chengdu



Chengdu

Morning: Visit Dujiangyan Irrigation System Construction.

◆ Dujiangyan Irrigation System Construction began in the 3rd century B.C and now still controls the waters of the Minjiang River and distributes it to the fertile farmland of the Chengdu plains. It is an amazing feat of engineering and construction and is a wonder of the world, and is a UNESCO world heritage site.

Afternoon: Visit Mount Qingcheng.

♦ Mount Qingcheng is the birthplace of Taoism and consists of a series of ancient temples. It is also a very attractive and intriguing scenic spot that is covered by luxuriant and verdant trees. The mountain, which is surrounded by numerous peaks and is shaped like a city, is dubbed 'the most peaceful and secluded mountain under heaven' and combines perfectly with its evergreen scenery.

Chengdu

Evening: Drive back to Chengdu and have dinner.





Chengdu-Huanglong Scenic Area-Jiuzhai Valley National Park

Morning: Take China's high-speed train to Zhenjiangguan and drive to Huanglong Scenic Area.

Afternoon: Visit Huanglong Scenic Area.

♦ Huanglong Scenic Area is famous for its colorful lakes, snow-topped mountains, beautiful valleys and virgin forests. The area, declared a World Heritage Site in 1992 by UNESCO, has been called a "World Wonder" and "Fairy Land on Earth."

Afterwards, drive to Jiuzhai Valley National Park, have dinner and have rest in hotel.

D07 14/8

**D06** 

13/8



Jiuzhai Valley National Park

#### Jiuzhai Valley National Park

Whole day: visit Jiuzhai Valley National Park.

◆ Jiuzhai Valley literally means nine-village-valley. It's a valley with nine villages. It's also a popular tourist destination on UNESCO's World Heritage List. Jiuzhai Valley is most renowned for its stunning natural scenery of colorful lakes, mature forests, and spectacular waterfalls. The beautiful scenery attracts many photographers.

D08 15/8



Jiuzhai Valley National Park

## Jiuzhai Valley National Park→Chengdu ★Beijing ★ Tallinn

**Morning:** Drive back to Zhenjiangguan, and take China's high-speed Train back to Chengdu.

Afternoon: Arrive in Chengdu, and take flight to Beijing and then international flight back to Tallinn.

D09 16/8





Plane

**Tallinn** 

Morning or Afternoon: Arrive home.

D10 17/8



Home

This summer, please join our trip to **China**, which is a mysterious ancient country in the East, to enjoy China's magnificent scenery, explore Chinese customs and people, taste Chinese traditional food, learn about China's long history and take China's high-speed train. This time, we will travel to **Beijing** and **Chengdu**, two very unique cities in China, and through a series of exciting activities, you will discover that China is far better than you could imagine.

Participation fee: 1,588 euros per person (Min 9 persons); 1,388 euros per person (Min 16 persons).

**Including:** transportation, meals, accommodation, visits and tour guide within China.

Excluding: International flight, visas and other personal expenses such as shopping.

**Departure Date:** August 08<sup>th</sup>, 2024 **Return Date:** August 16<sup>th</sup>, 2024